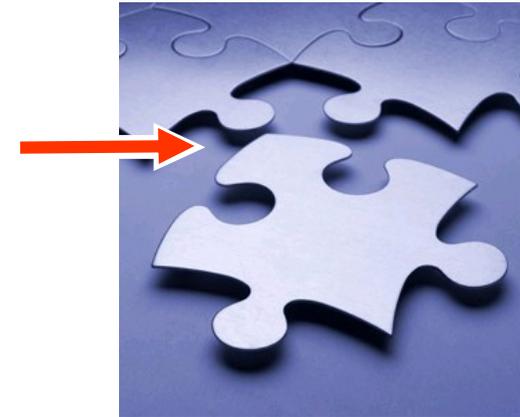


*Closing the Gap
between products
and where they need to go*



Introduction to Creating DLAs

with Tivoli Directory Integrator (TDI),
a multidirectional integration service



*"The issue is not about how much is addressed with out-of-the-box integrations,
but how much time is spent on the rest"*

- IBM Product Manager

Acknowledgement: the Tivoli Enablement Team

- Mel, Mads and the gang made this event possible. [Thanks!](#)
- You can get the [updated slides](#) here:
 - ...the [step-by-step guide](#) here:
 - ...and my [finished Config](#) here:

Download now to help you work through the exercises,
but [please](#) pay attention!

[Ask questions!](#) And tell me to [repeat myself more slowly](#) :)

Agenda

- Short introductions: you, us and tdi
- Setting up your TDI environment
- TDI 101 – Hello, World (and Hello, Debugger)
- My First DLA
 - Reading Input Data
 - Creating an IdML Discovery Book
 - Adding ConfigurationItems (CIs)
 - Validating your work
 - Adding Relationships between CIs (like "InstalledOn")
 - Transferring your output to the TADDM Server for import*
 - Importing the data into TADDM*

* These points will be covered in theory, and may be carried out by those with adequate connectivity to a TADDM server.

Agenda - continued

- If all goes well and we get through the agenda early, we can look at real-world scenarios attendees may be facing.

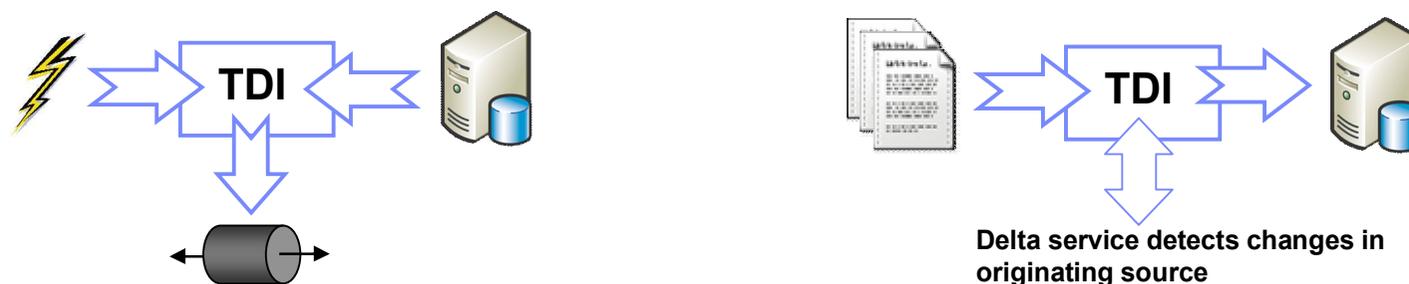
Bring along text files (any format) with data that you want to look at. You can even use this yourself while following the online course.

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TDI is a multi-purpose, multi-directional, integration, synchronization, and transformation service



- A unique approach to data integration that equally well synchronizes and transforms data between widely different systems (such as files, databases, directories, message queues, web services, and many more), as responding to events (such as email, HTTP, web services, SNMP, TCP, JMX, and more)
- The combination of the above capabilities allows TDI to be applied to a broad set of usage scenarios
- TDI integrates practically anything, and - despite its name - is not in any way limited to directories. It's a truly generic data integration tool that's suitable for a wide range of problems that usually require custom coding and significantly more resources to address with traditional integration tools
- TDI is a lightweight Java based application (no app server necessary) that consists of a lightweight server run-time environment and a graphical tool to build, test and maintain the rules that the server executes.
- Supported platforms: Windows, Linux, AIX, Sun, HP, i5/OS and zOS.

TDI 6.1.1 Server



Axis Easy Web Service Server Connector
 Axis Easy Web Service Invoke
 Axis Java-to-Soap
 Invoke Soap Web Service
 Axis Soap-to-Java



LDAP Connector
 LDAP Server Connector
 Tivoli Access Manager Connector
 Windows Users and Groups Connector



Active Directory Changelog Connector v2
 IBM Directory Server Changelog Connector
 Netscape/iPlanet Changelog Connector
 zOS LDAP Changelog Connector



JDBC Connector
 Properties Connector
 SystemStore Connector
 RDBMS Changelog Connector



AssemblyLine Connector
 Server Notifications Connector
 AssemblyLine Function Component



Domino Change Detection Connector
 Domino Users Connector
 Lotus Notes Connector



Exchange Changelog Connector
 Mailbox Connector
 SendEmail Function Component



TIM DSMLv2 Connector
 DSMLv2 SOAP Connector
 DSML v2 SOAP Server Connector
 Generic JNDI Connector
 ITIM Agent Connector



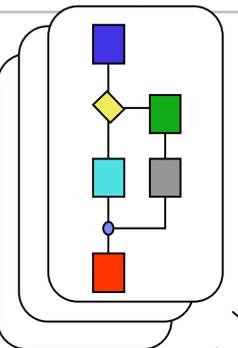
EMF SDOToXML Function Component
 EMF XMLToSDO Function Component



Timer Connector



AssemblyLines



Generic Log Adapter Connector
 RAC Connector
 Entry to CommonBaseEvent Function



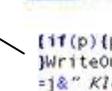
JMX Connector
 SNMP Connector
 SNMP Server Connector
 TCP Connector
 TCP Server Connector



Remedy/Peregrine /CCMDB tickets
 Maximo MEA
 Many custom Components on
 OPAL, tdi-users.org or on request



PeopleSoft Connector
 Siebel Connector
 SAP ALE IDoc Connector
 SAP R/3 Business Object Repository
 SAP R/3 User Registry
 SAP R/3 RFC Component



Script Connector
 Generic Java Method
 Parser FC



Remote secure command Line
 z/OS TSO/E Command Line
 Command Line Connector



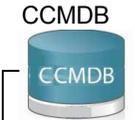
MemQueue Connector
 Memory Stream Connector



HTTP/REST Connector
 File System Connector
 FTP Client Connector
 URL Connector
 HTTP Client
 HTTP Server Connector



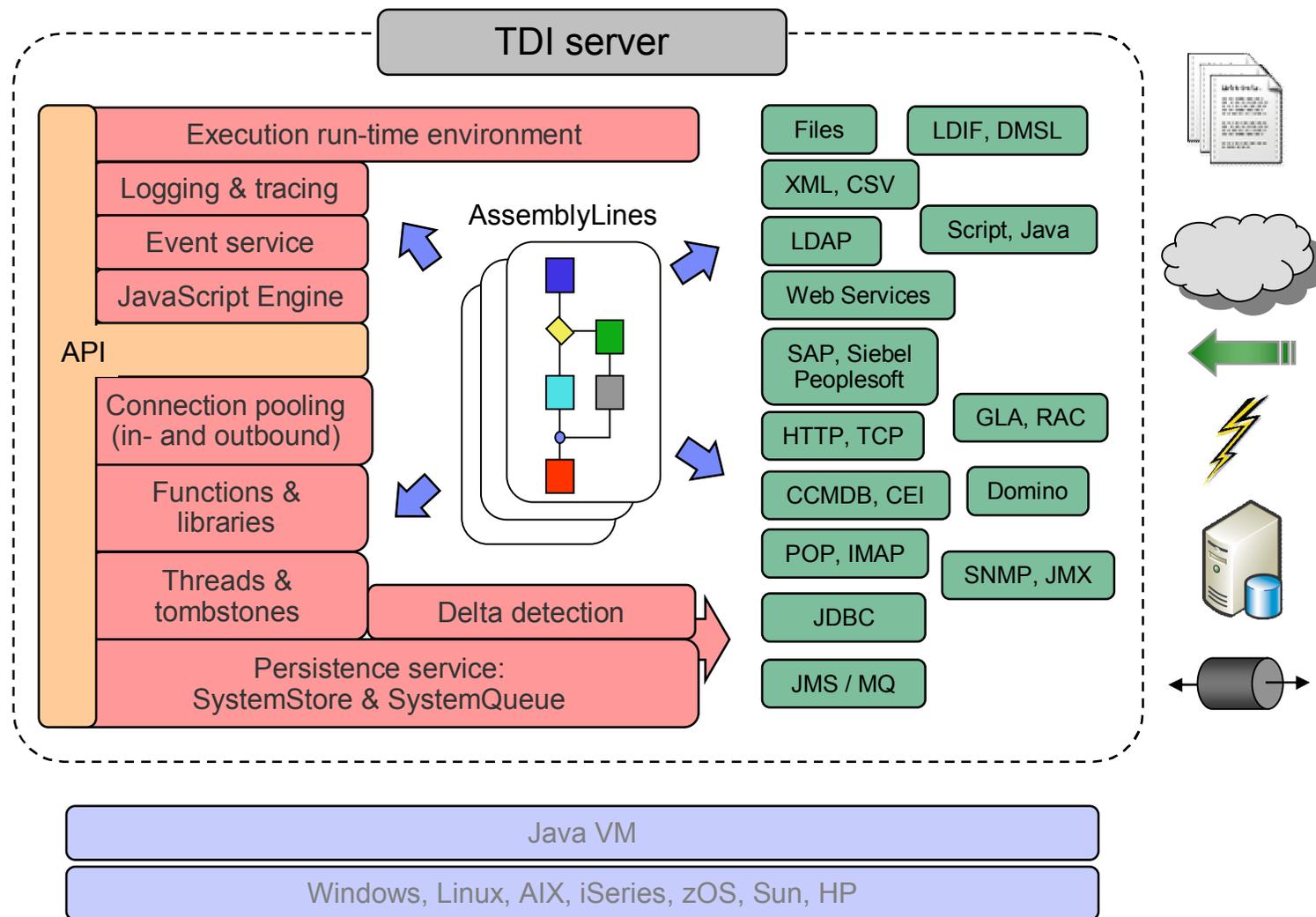
IBM MQ Series Connector
 JMS Pub/Sub Connector
 MQe Password Store Connector



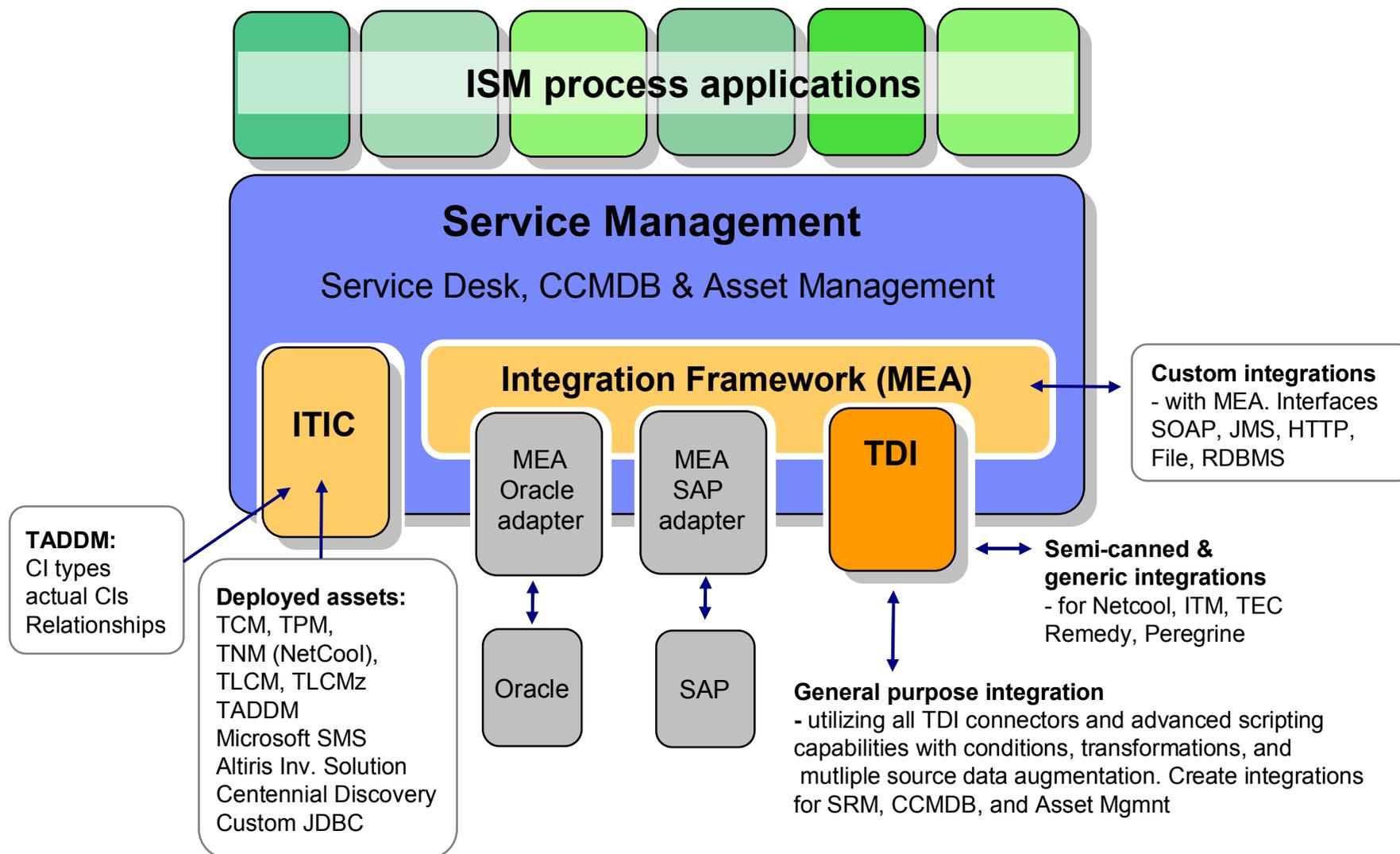
Parsers

CSV
 DSML v1 & v2
 Fixed Record
 HTTP
 LDIF
 Line reader/writer
 SOAP
 Script
 XML
 XML Sax
 XSL

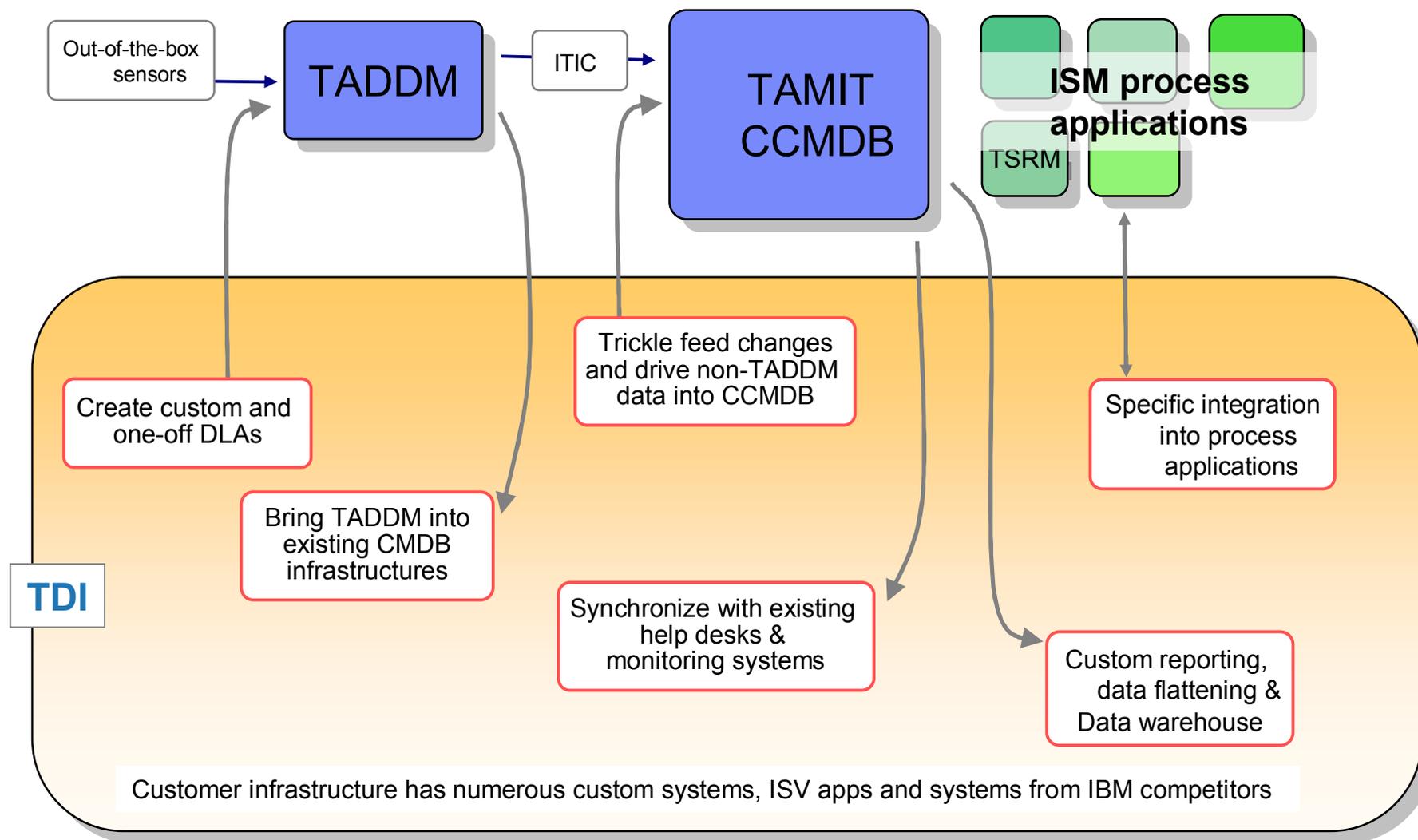
TDI architecture



TDI in the ISM integration architecture



One product integration across the ISM portfolio



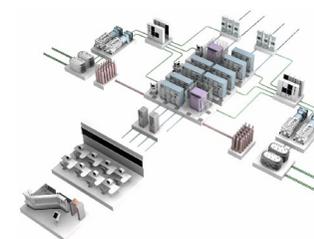
Available Stand-alone or Bundled



**Websphere RFID
Information Center**



Access Manager



**CCMDB
asset discovery**



Service Desk



**Lotus
Domino**



**Lotus
Connections**



IM MashupHub



Identity Manager

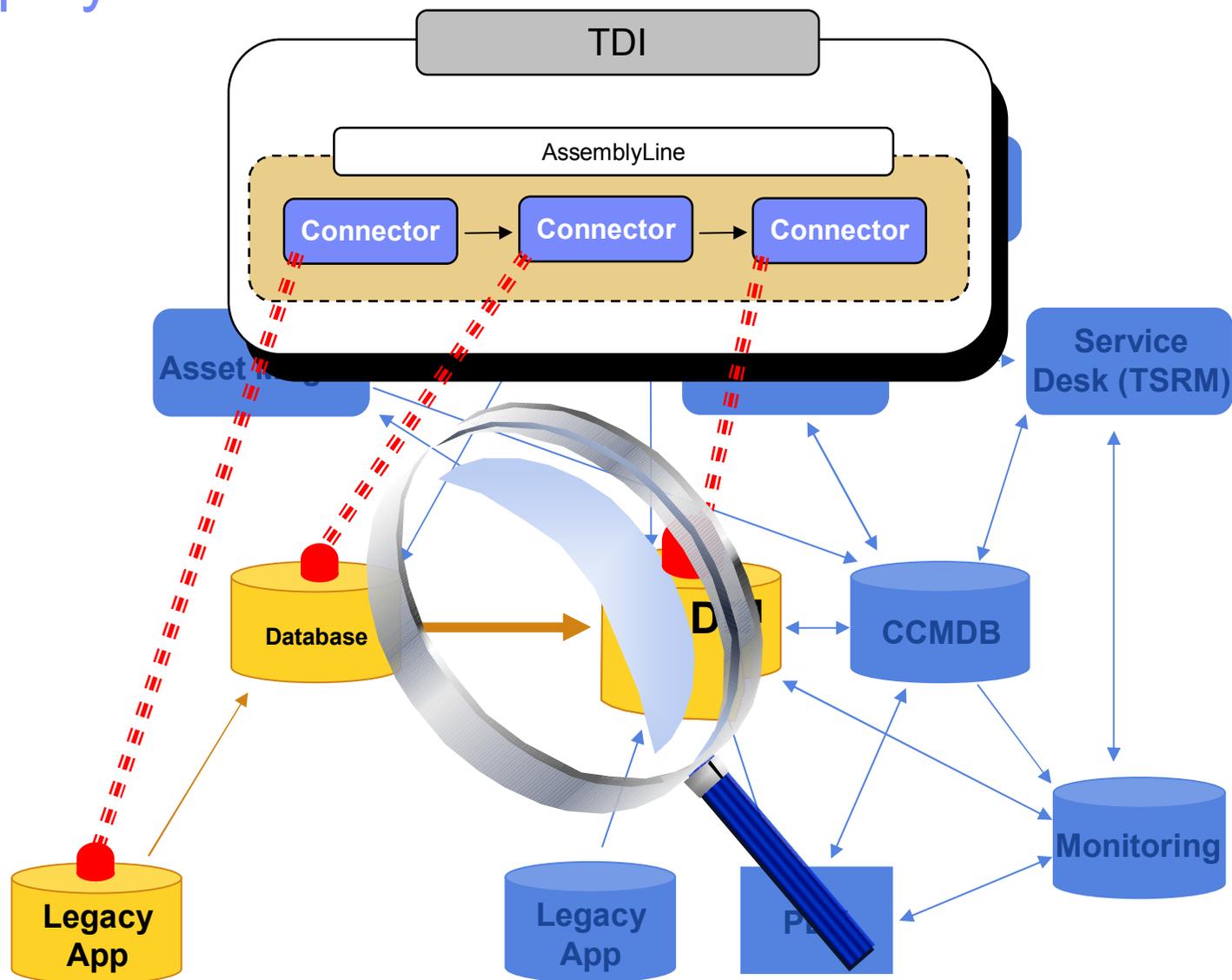
Integration Army Knife



Designed for the front lines:
PoCs, PoTs, migrations,
conversions/win-backs,
synchronizations,
...

Trench Tool and enterprise-strength middleware

Simplify and Solve



Agenda

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Setting Up TDI: Your mission should decide to accept it...

- Get TDI up and running at the **latest patch level**
- Explore your setup: **Solution Directory** and **properties**
- **Extend TDI** by adding new IdML components
- Prepare the **test input data** for this class

Setting Up TDI: No TDI installed yet?

- **download and unzip this file to C:\Program Files\IBM\TDI:**

http://www.tdi-users.org/twiki/pub/Integrator/GlossaryEntry/Full_TDI6.1.1FP4_Just_unizp_to_ProgramFiles_IBM_TDI.zip

Yes, you have to create these directories if they don't exist

Your TDI install directory is then [C:\Program Files\IBM\TDI\6.1.1](#)

- **download and unzip this file to C:**

http://www.tdi-users.org/twiki/pub/Integrator/GlossaryEntry/TDI_SolDir_Unzip_to_root_of_C_drive.zip

Your Solution Directory is then [C:\TDI Solution Directory](#)

Now you should be able to launch the TDI Dev Tool, called the "*Config Editor*", or just "*CE*" short:

`C:\Program Files\IBM\TDI\6.1.1\ibmditk.bat`

Setting Up TDI: Already Have TDI Installed?

- **If you still need to apply FixPack #4 (recommended!!) download and unzip this file to** C:\Program Files\IBM\TDI\V6.1.1* :
http://www.tdi-users.org/twiki/pub/Integrator/GlossaryEntry/TDI6.1.1_FP4_Unzip_To_Install_Folder.zip
* ...or whatever folder you installed the TDI binaries to.
- **download and unzip this file wherever you choose**
http://www.tdi-users.org/twiki/pub/Integrator/GlossaryEntry/TDI_SolDir_Unzip_to_root_of_C_drive.zip
It contains the Custom Jar files needed for this exercise ([Custom Jars](#) sub-directory), as well as the [_My First TDI DLA](#) folder and its contents.

You also have to make the custom .jar files available to TDI. The technique for doing this is described here:

<http://tdiingoutloud.blogspot.com/2008/11/new-component-and-library-jar-files.html>

Now you should be able to launch the TDI Dev Tool, called the "[Config Editor](#)", or just "[CE](#)" short:

C:\Program Files\IBM\TDI\V6.1.1\ibmditk.bat

Setting Up TDI: You And Your Solution Directory

- **Installation Directory**

Where the **TDI binaries** are found.

Default on Windows is C:\Program Files\IBM\TDI\V6.1.1

The **global.properties** file is found in the **etc** sub-folder.

Two important batch-files/scripts: **ibmditk** and **ibmdisrv**

- **Solution Directory**

Where your **TDI project files** are kept. *Back this one up!*

TDI project files are called **Configs** and are XML documents.

Default on Windows is C:\My Documents\<<userid>\TDI

The **solution.properties** file is found in this folder, and it **overrides** settings in **global.properties**.

The Solution Directory is the *root* for all *relative file paths* in TDI

Setting Up TDI: Adding the IdML components

- Either copy new .jar files to the jars folder in the TDI installation directory (or some sub-folder therein)
- Or, *preferably*, edit the `com.ibm.di.loader.userjars` property to point to .jar and .zip files, or folders that contain these, or any combination of the above (;-separated on Windows, : on unix).
 - Edit `solution.properties` if you have a Solution Directory
 - Otherwise change `global.properties` in <TDI InstallDir>/etc

e.g. `com.ibm.di.loader.userjars=C:\TDI Solution Directory\Custom Jars`

Setting Up TDI: Start your engines...

- Launch the TDI Config Editor
- Select File > New
- Open the folder called "`_My First TDI DLA`"
- Create (or open) TDI Config called "`1_HelloWorld.xml`"
- Right-click Connectors folder and choose *New Connector...*
- Make sure these components appear in the list (at bottom):
`idml.IDMLConfigurationItem` and `idml.IDMLReIn`
- Right-click on Functions and check for these:
`idml.OpenIDML` and `idml.CloseIDML`

Setting Up TDI: Download the test data

- Open this document and copy contents to copy buffer
http://docs.google.com/Doc?id=dsrxm8p_15w985sfj&invite=cgpnf4m
- Create a new text file in <TDI SoIDir>/_My First TDI DLA
Call it [MachineAndOS.csv](#) and paste in the data you copied.
Close and save this file.

Setting Up TDI: Lessons Learned?

- Data processed by the AL is carried in the *Work Entry*.
- Attribute Maps "gate" data into and out from the AL.
 - Input Maps* move data from *conn* to *work*
 - Output Maps* move data from *work* to *conn*
- AssemblyLines handle *one Entry per cycle*.
- TDI Components are *interchangeable*.
- Feeds is a built-in Loop that drives the Flow section.
 - The AL will cycle as long as Feeds produces new Entries.*
- The Debugger is Your Friend :)
 - Don't be afraid to touch the data.*

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* These points will be covered in theory, and may be carried out by those with adequate connectivity to a TADDM server.

TDI 101: Hello, World

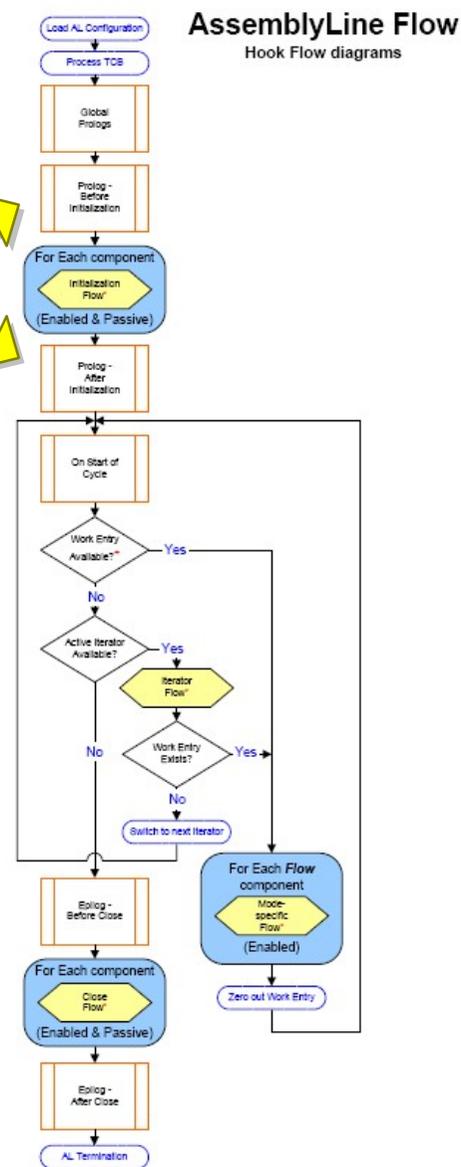
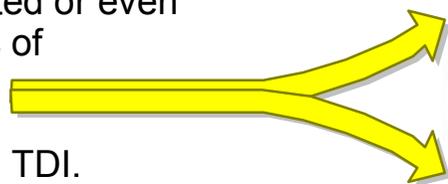
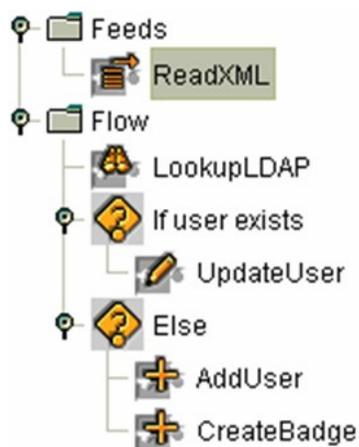
- Create a new AssemblyLine called "1_HelloWorld"
 - In the AL Hooks tab, enter code in "On Start Of Cycle" Hook
`task.logmsg("Hello, World");`
 - Press the **Run** button to test
-
- Add a Script Component named "SayHello" with this code:
`task.logmsg(thisConnector.getName() + " says: Hello, World");`
 - Press **Run** again. *Did you get two messages this time?*
-
- Disable the "On Start Of Cycle" Hook and try again.
-
- Now set the Run mode to **Step (Paused)** and *step* through your AL.

TDI 101: AssemblyLine Flow

There is a built-in *microflow* that drives the AssemblyLine. This default AL behavior can be augmented or even overridden as needed by writing snippets of JavaScript into the appropriate *Hooks*.

Hook coding is how errors are handled in TDI.

In addition to this built-in pipeline, you can visually implement business and data processing logic in your AssemblyLines using the development tool: the *CE*.

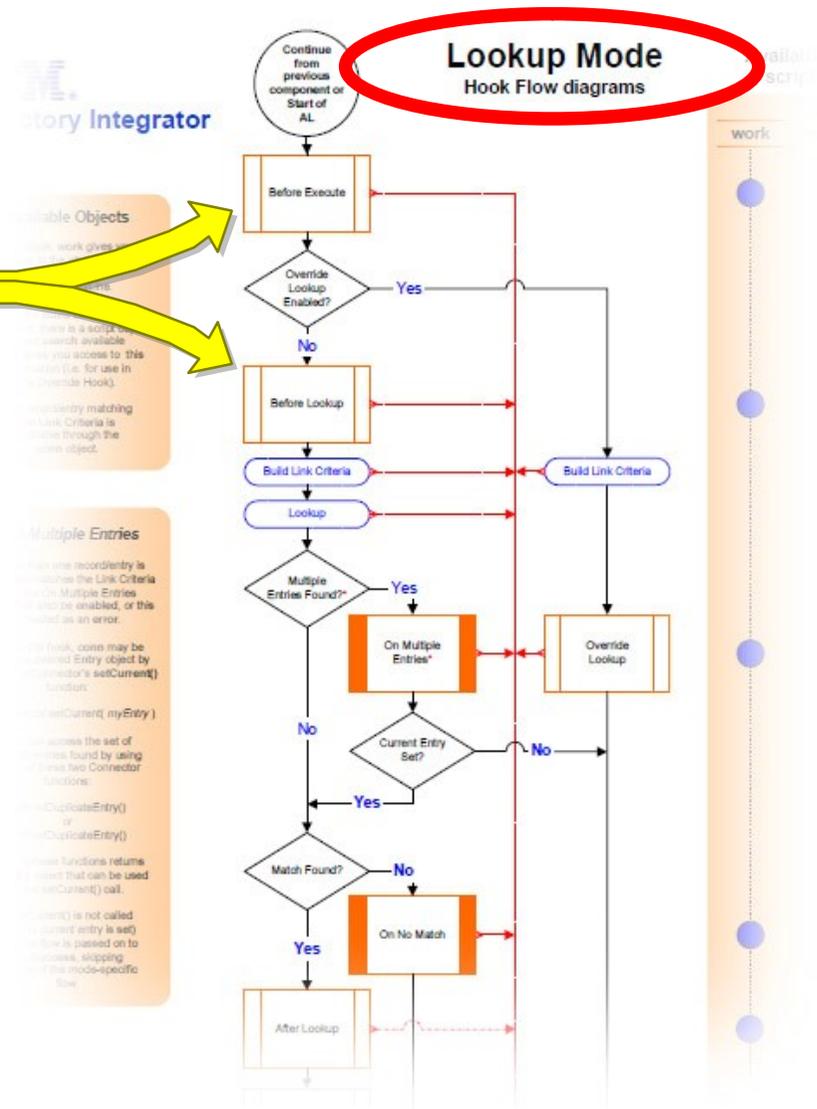


TDI 101: Component Flow

There is also a *microflow* associated with each type of component (and each Connector mode).

Just like the AL flow, these are also configurable and can be enhanced or overridden by scripting **Hooks**.

Error handling can be done by scripting component Error Hooks, those of the AL itself, or both.



TDI 101: The AL Debugger

- **Step** through AssemblyLine execution
 - from component to component
 - from Hook to Hook in the built-in logic flows
- Set **breakpoints** to pause execution as needed
- Execute **JavaScript interactively** inside the running AL
 - manipulate data values and script variables
 - call external systems and libraries
- **Explore** the integration problem piece by piece

The "Hello, World" exercise requires no actual development.

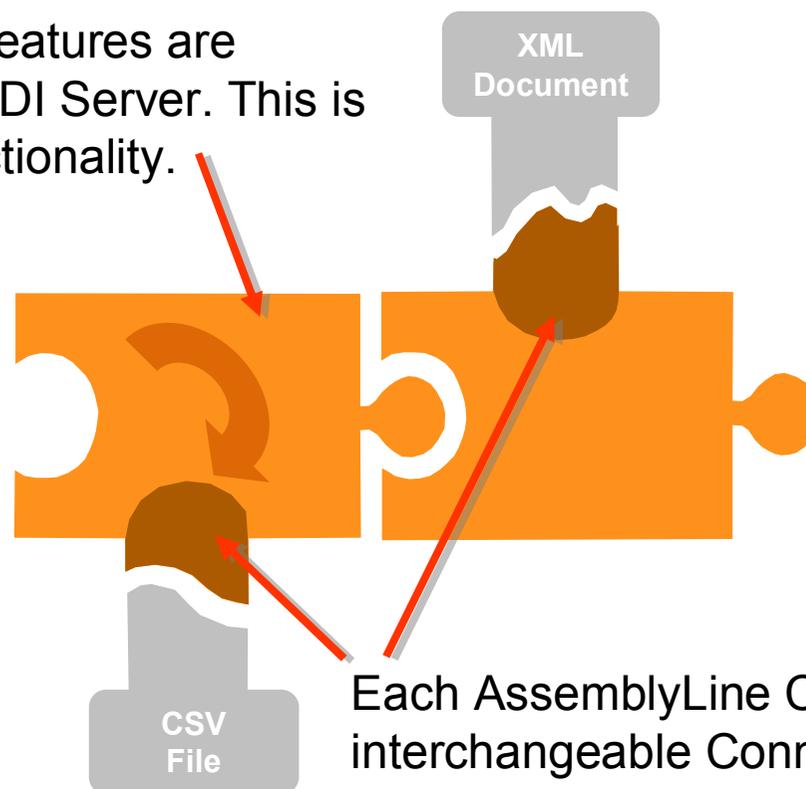
TDI 101: Simple AL – Reading and Writing Data

- New AL: "2_CSV2XML"
- Add Connector "ReadCSV" to Feeds section
 - FileSystem Connector (Iterator mode)
File Path: **_My First TDI DLA/MachineAndOS.csv**
Attach the **ibmdi.CSV Parser** (note: separator may not be ";")
- Add Connector "Output" to Flow section
 - FileSystem Connector (AddOnly mode)
File Path: **_My First TDI DLA/TestOutput.xml**
Attach the **ibmdi.XML Parser**
- Select "Step (Paused)" and press **Run** to step through

TDI 101: AssemblyLine Connector vs. Connector Interface

Most Connector features are provided by the TDI Server. This is called *kernel* functionality.

Kernel functionality includes [Attribute Maps](#), [search criteria](#) for Lookup, Delete and Update operations, [Hooks](#), [Auto-Reconnect](#) and [Change Detection](#).



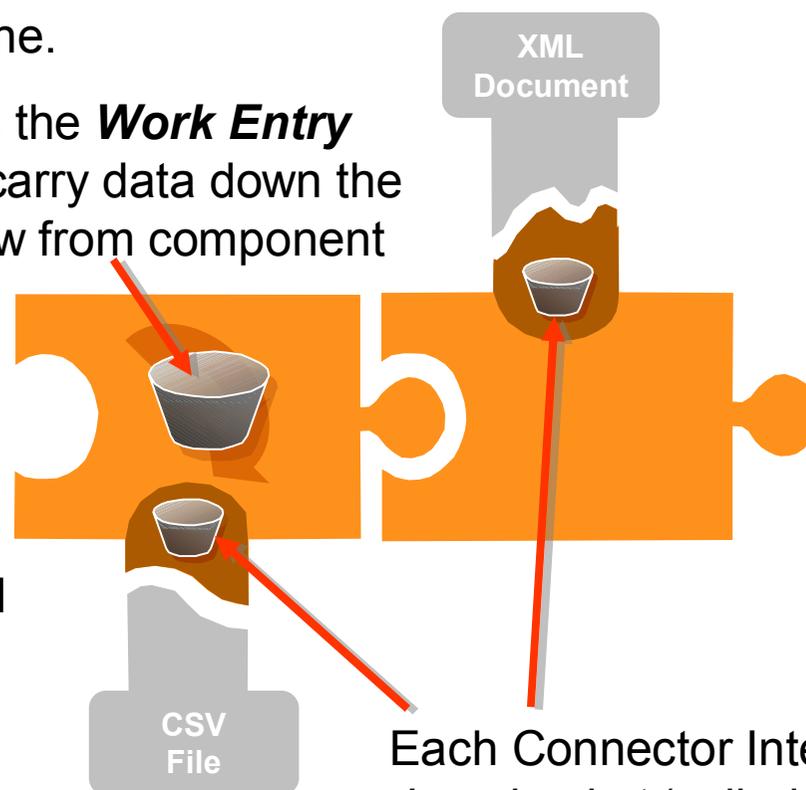
Each AssemblyLine Connector drives an interchangeable Connector Interface (CI) which is designed to give access to some protocol, API, transport or format. This is called *component* functionality.

TDI 101: The Entry object - TDI data model

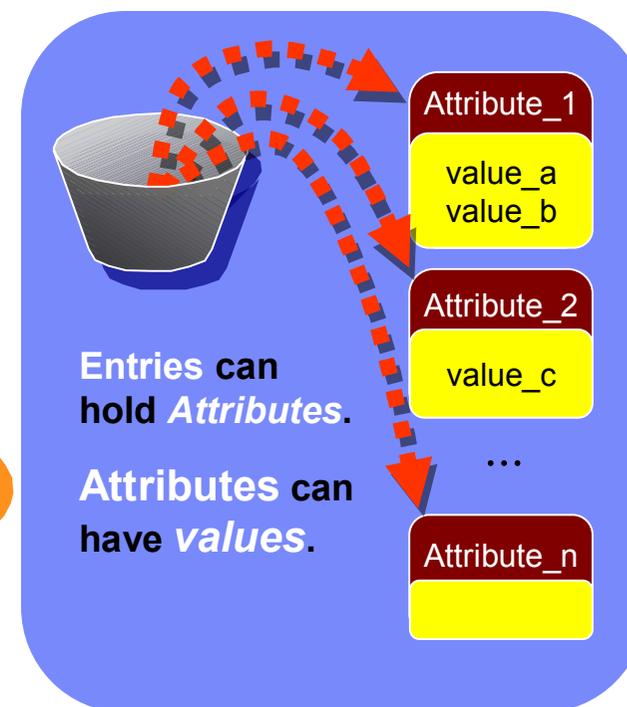
The **Entry** object is the "data carrier" in an AssemblyLine.

The main Entry is the **Work Entry** which is used to carry data down the AssemblyLine flow from component to component.

The Work Entry is available to your scripts as the pre-registered variable **work**.

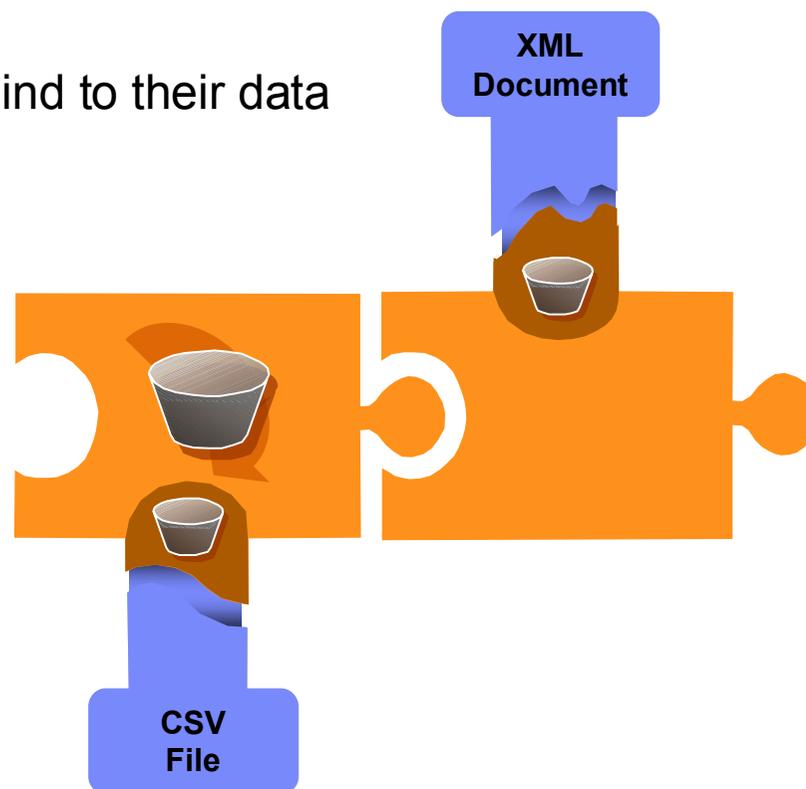


Each Connector Interface has its own local *Java bucket* (called its **Conn Entry**) which is used as a local cache for reads & writes. This is accessed via the **conn** variable.



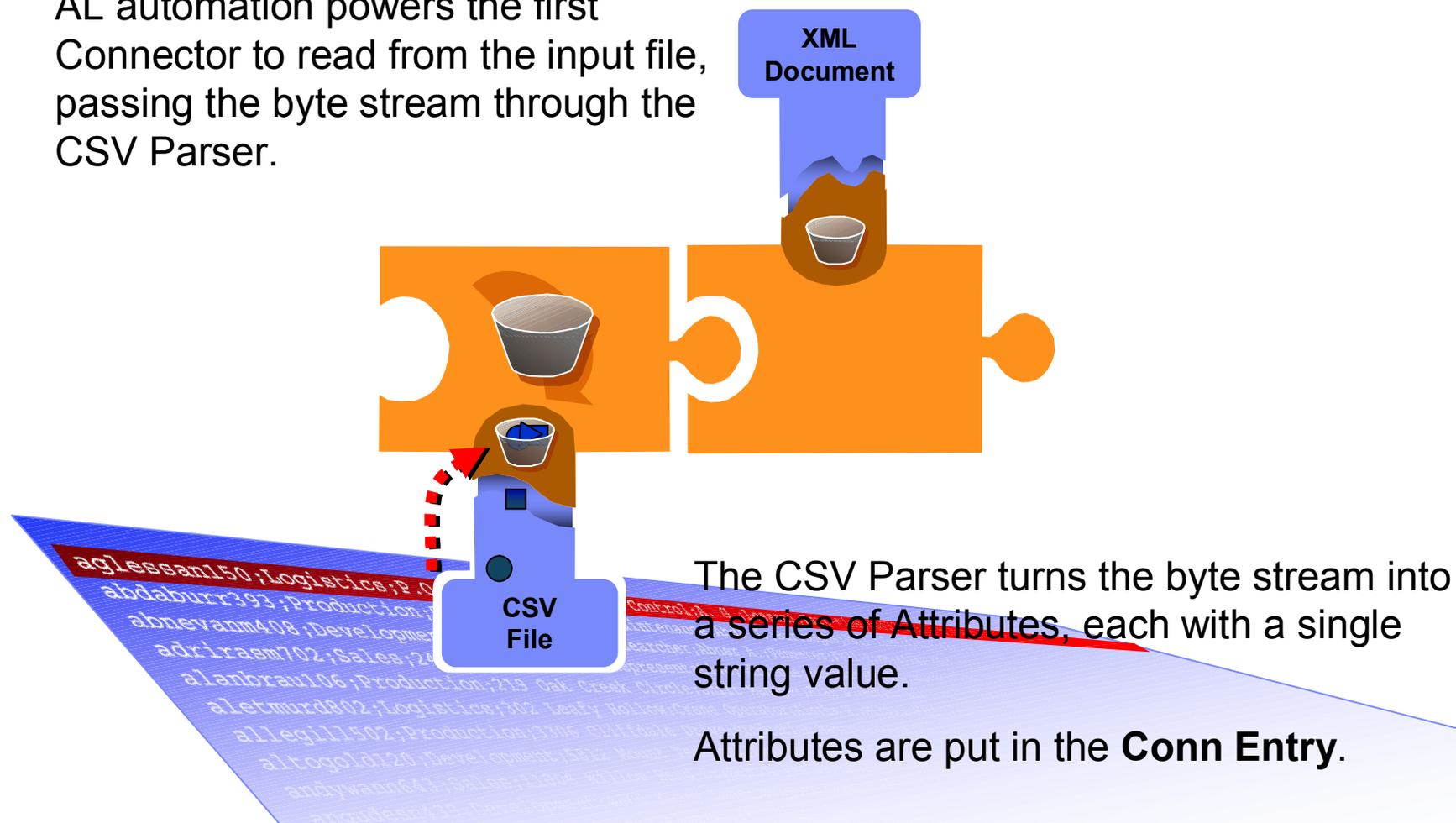
TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase One: Initialization

All Connectors bind to their data sources.



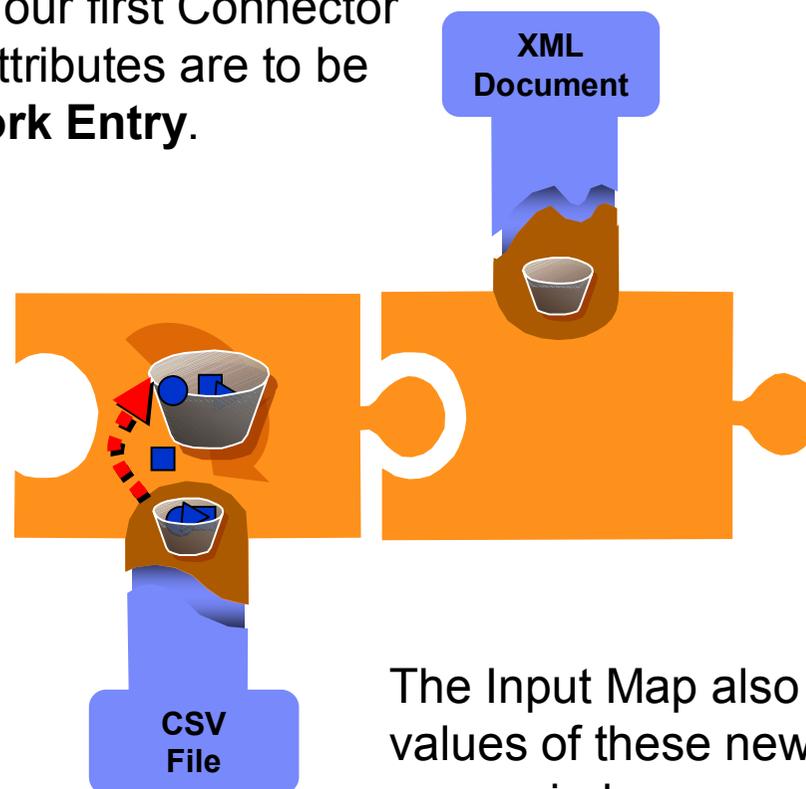
TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase Two: Cycling (Read)

AL automation powers the first Connector to read from the input file, passing the byte stream through the CSV Parser.



TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase Two: Cycling (Input Map)

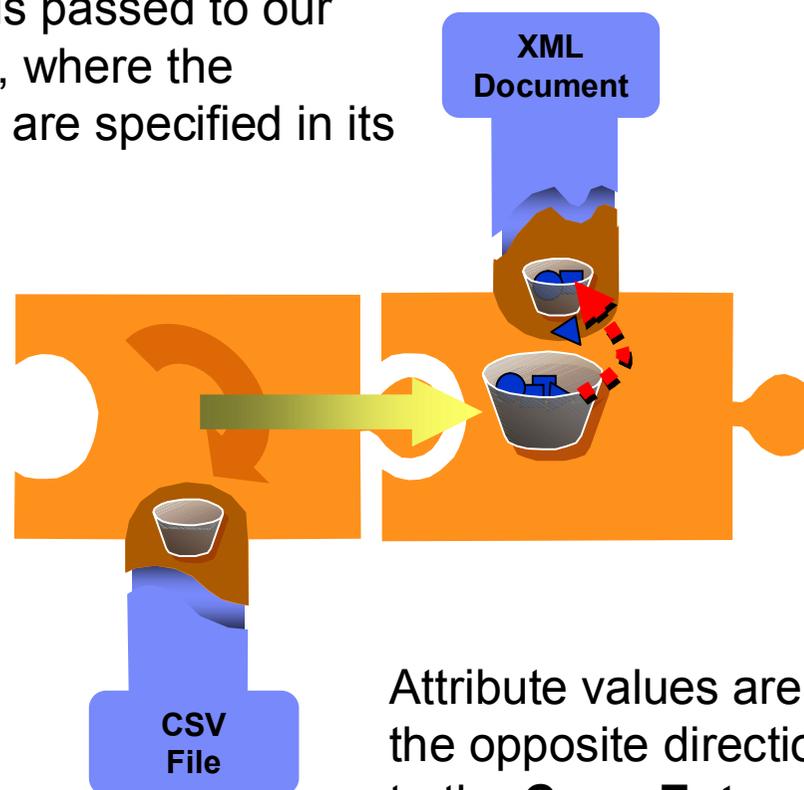
The Input Map of our first Connector specifies which Attributes are to be created in the **Work Entry**.



The Input Map also specifies how the values of these new **Work Entry** Attributes are copied or computed based on those stored in the **Conn Entry**.

TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase Two: Cycling (Output Map)

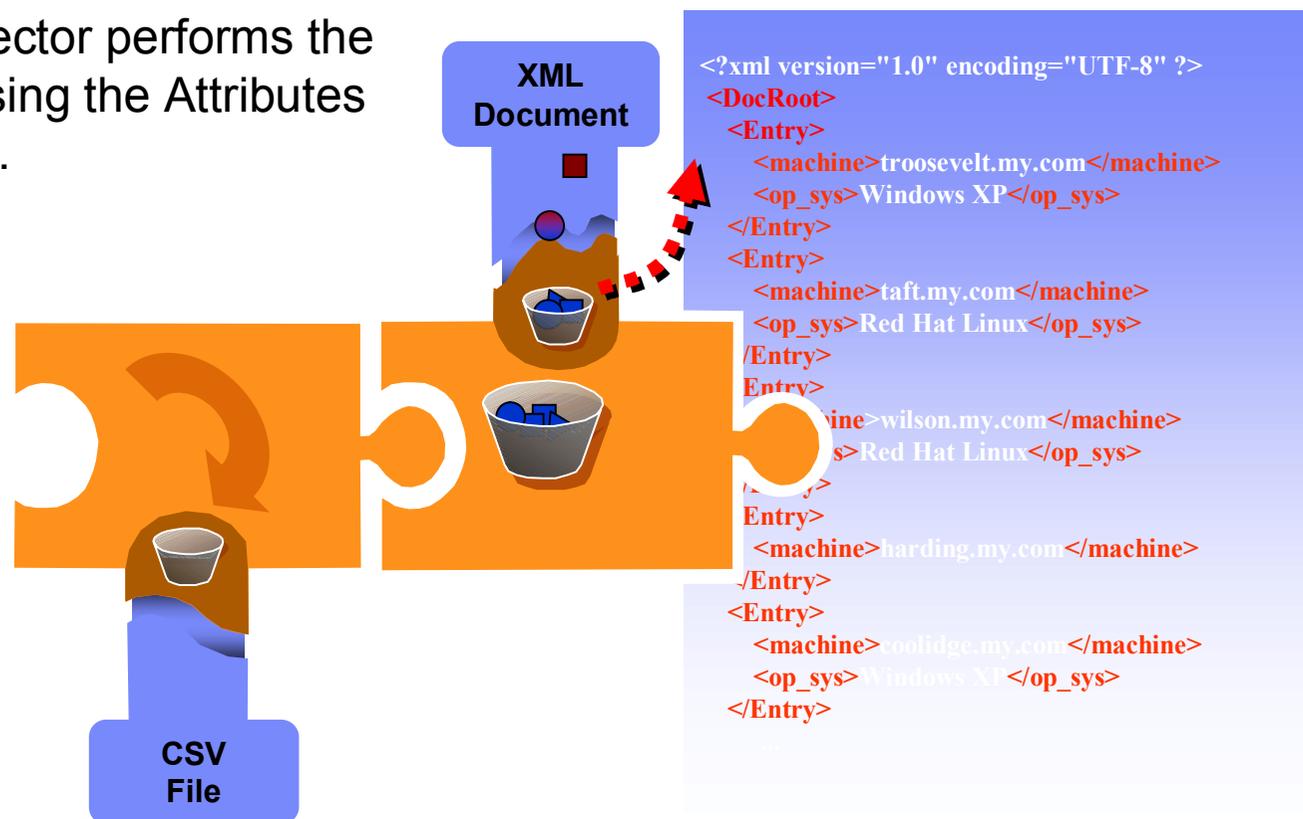
The **Work Entry** is passed to our output Connector, where the Attributes to write are specified in its Output Map.



Attribute values are now copied/computed the opposite direction: from the **Work Entry** to the **Conn Entry**.

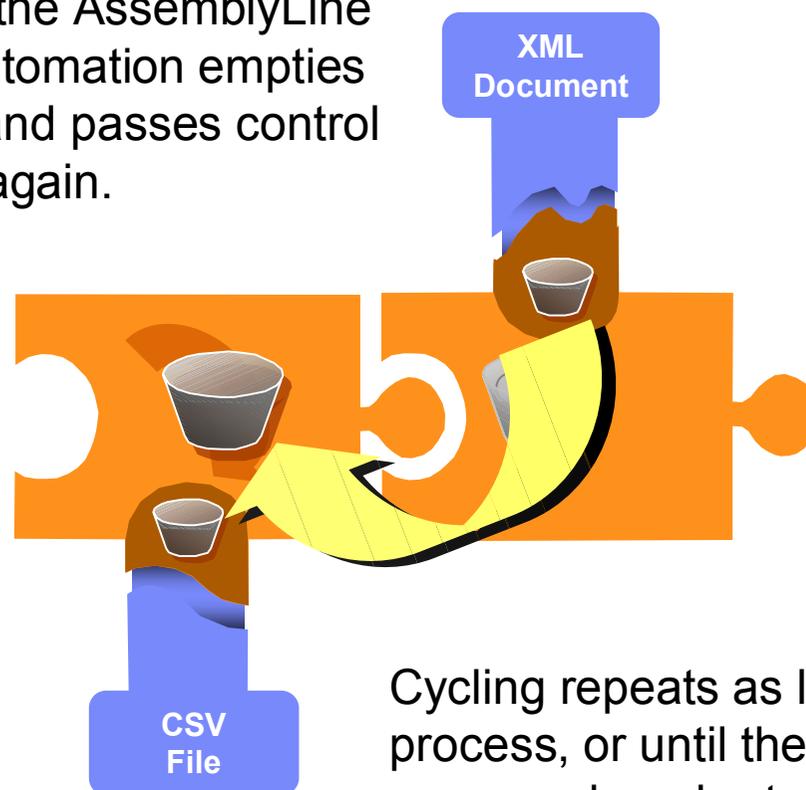
TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase Two: Cycling (Write)

The output Connector performs the write operation using the Attributes in its **Conn Entry**.



TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase Two: Cycling (Repeat...)

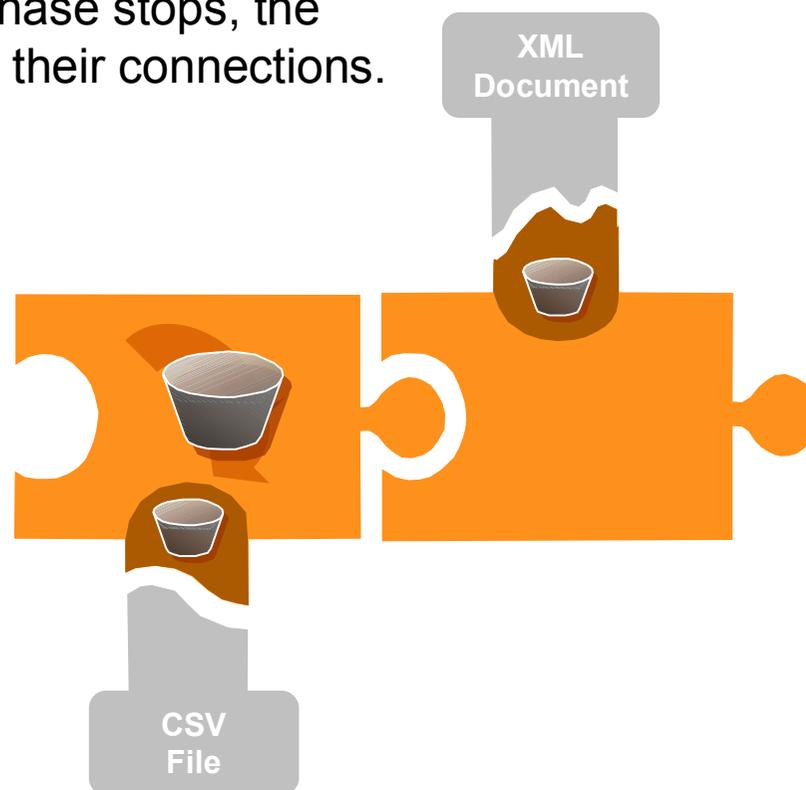
When the end of the AssemblyLine is reached, AL automation empties the **Work Entry** and passes control back to the start again.



Cycling repeats as long as there is data to process, or until the AL is terminated by command or aborts due to unhandled errors.

TDI 101: AL Lifecycle - Phase Three: Shutdown

When the cycle phase stops, the Connectors close their connections.



TDI 101: Clone and Swap Parser

- Clone the "2_CSV2XML" AL and call it "3_CSV2Fixed"
- Edit "Output" Connector in Flow section
 - Swap out XML Parser with `ibmdi.Fixed Parser` (fixed format)
Column Description: `op_sys,1,40`
`machine,41,20`
- Select "Step (Paused)" and press **Run** to test again

Your AL now converts from CSV to fixed format.

TDI 101: Clone again and Swap Connector

- Clone the "3_CSV2Fixed" AL and call it "4_CSV2DB"
- Change type of "Output" Connector in Flow section
 - Swap out `FileSystem` with `SystemStore` Connector
 - Key Attribute Name: `machine`
 - Table Name: `Machines`
- Select "Step (Paused)" and press **Run** to test again

TDI 101: Project Library

- Copy "ReadCSV" Connector to the Project Library.
Right-click or use the button



- Library Components can be reused in multiple ALs.
 - configuration, schema/maps, error handling and business logic.
- Modify Library Components, and ALs inherit these changes.
 - go from *lab* to *live* in a few minutes
- Drag from Library to Resources to keep a personal library.

Inheritance is based on the component name and therefore easily broken!

TDI 101: Lessons Learned?

- TDI components (CIs) are *interchangeable*.
Use *FileSystem Connector* for visual control of output.
- *Hooks* are used to handle errors and modify default behavior.
- Data is carried in the AL by *Entry* objects,
the primary of which is *Work Entry*.
- Attribute Maps "gate" data into and out from the AL.
Input Maps move data from *conn* to *work*
Output Maps move data from *work* to *conn*
- *AssemblyLines* handle *one Entry per cycle*.
- *Feeds* is a built-in Loop that drives the Flow section.
The AL will cycle as long as *Feeds* produces new *Entries*.
- The Debugger is Your Friend :)
Don't be afraid to *touch* the data.

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My First DLA: Opening the IdML Book

- Create new AL: "MyFirstDLA"
- Add an FC (name it "OpenBook") in the Flow section
Choose the `idml.OpenIDML` Function component:
Configuration parameters:
 - Application Code: **App 1.0**
 - Directory Name: **C:\temp** *(make sure you have this folder!)*
 - Book Name: **MyBook**
 - Manufacturer Name: **IBM**
 - Product Name: **MyProduct**
 - Hostname: **host.ibm.com**
- Press **Run** button to test.

My First DLA: Creating your own Iterator Loop

- Add a Connector Loop named "FOR EACH machine read"
 - Add a **Loop component** to the Flow section.
 - Keep the default type: *Connector Loop*.
 - Drag your **ReadCSV** Library Connector onto **Inherit From** button
Leave in **Iterator** mode, and **Initialize And Select** option.
 - Map in all Attributes in the **Input Map**

You have now added your own Feeds-like Iterator loop.

My First DLA: Machine ConfigurationItem (CI)

- Under the Loop add the `idml.IDMLConfigurationItem` FC.
 - Call it "AddMachineCI"
ClassType: `cdm:sys:ComputerSystem`
Book Name: **MyBook**
 - Drag the Attribute "`machine`" from Work Entry into Output Map
Rename to "`id`".
 - Drag it in again, this time renaming it to "`cdm:Signature`"
 - Once more, this time renaming to "`cdm:Fqdn`".
- Enable the `Validate` option in the "Open Book" FC.
- Run and view the validation report.

My First DLA: OS Configuration Item (CI)

- Add another `idml.IDMLConfigurationItem` Connector.
 - Call it "AddOS"
ClassType: `cdm:sys:OperatingSystem`
Book Name: **MyBook**
 - Drag the Attribute "`machine`" from Work Entry into Output Map
Rename to "`id`", change to Expression map and enter this:
`{work.machine}_os`
 - Drag "`op_sys`" in from Work Entry, rename to "`cdm:OSName`"

My First DLA: Relationship (OS *installed-on* machine)

- Add the `idml.IDMLReIn` Connector.
 - Call it "AddRelationship"
Relationship Class Type: `cdm:installedOn`
Book Name: **MyBook**
 - Drag the Attribute "`machine`" from Work Entry into Output Map
Rename to "`target`".
 - Drag "`machine`" once more from Work Entry into Output Map
Rename to "`source`", change to Expression map and enter this:
`{work.machine}_os`
- Select **Step (Paused)** mode and start the Debugger.

My First DLA: Transferring IdML Book to TADDM

- Close the Book with the `idml.IDMLCloseBook` FC.
- Add Secure File Transfer FC:
<http://www-01.ibm.com/software/brandcatalog/portal/opal/details?catalog.label=1TW10DI0C>
- Configure to send IdML Discovery Book to TADDM machine

My First DLA: Loading the IdML Book into TADDM

- Add Remote Commandline FC:
- Set up command to load IdML file into TADDM
e.g. `c:\ibm\cmdb\dist\bin\loadidml.bat -f c:\ibm\cmdb\dla\`

My First DLA: Common Data Model

- JavaDocs here:

<http://www.tdi-users.org/twiki/pub/Integrator/GlossaryEntry/model-javadoc.tar.gz>

- Defines the various CDM CIs and Relationships including their *naming rules*.

The screenshot displays the JavaDoc for the `Interface ComputerSystem`. The window title is "ComputerSystem (CMDB Model A...". The main heading is "Interface ComputerSystem". Below it, "All Superinterfaces:" lists `CIMSystem`, `ConfigurationItem`, `LogicalElement`, `ManagedElement`, `ManagedSystemElement`, `ModelObject`, and `java.io.Serializable`. The code snippet shows `extends CIMSystem, ConfigurationItem`. Two red boxes highlight the "Naming Rules:" section, which is identical in both instances: `0="signature" 1="-VMID,manufacturer,model,serialNumber" 2="systemBoardUUID" 3="primaryMACAddress" 4="hostSystem,VMID" 5="managedSystemName" 6="VMID,manufacturer,model,serialNumber"`. Below this, the "Persistable:" section is set to `true`. A "Table Name:" label is partially visible at the bottom.

Backup Slides

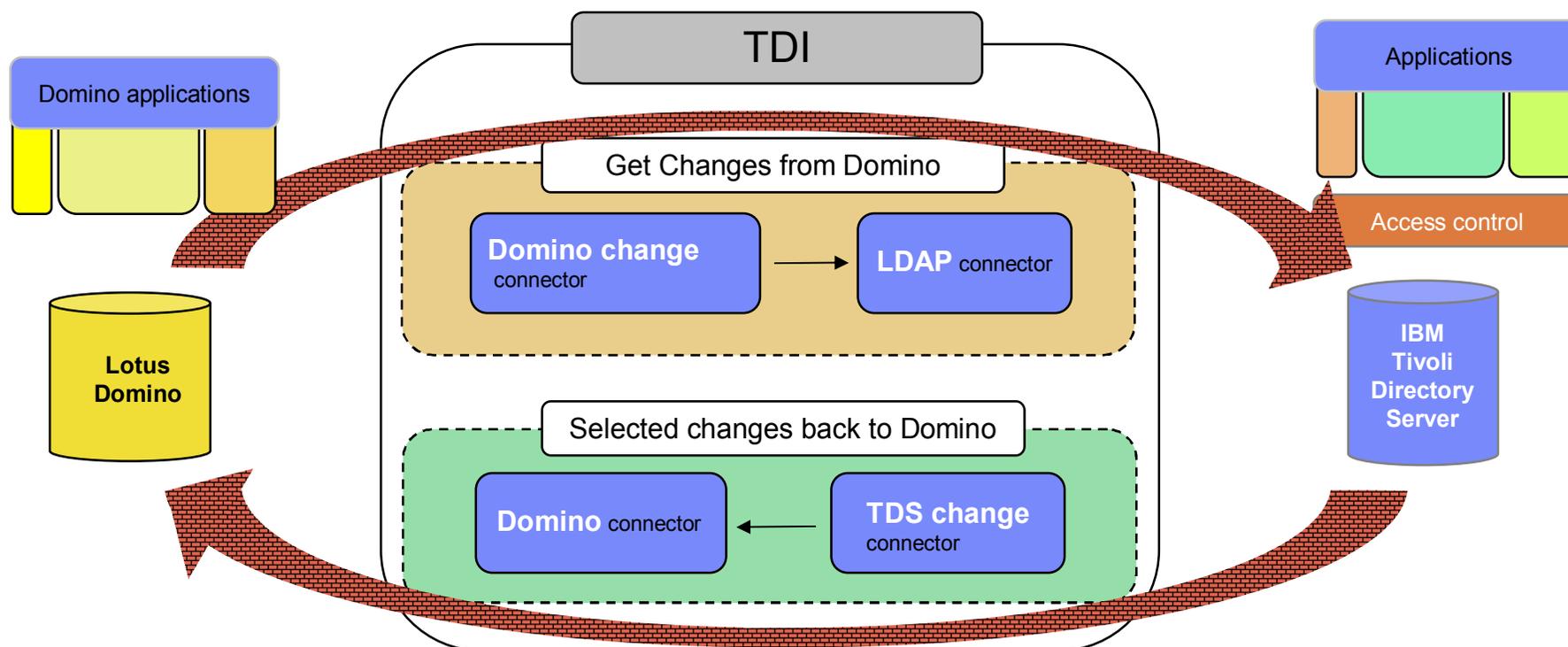
Community Resources



- **Video tutorials, examples, components, documentation+++**
<http://www.tdi-users.org>
- **IBM internal site:**
<http://w3.tap.ibm.com/w3ki05/display/TDI/1.+TDI+Wiki+Home>
- **TDI Newsgroup**
<http://groups.google.com/group/ibm.software.network.directory-integrator>

!! Participate and Share !!

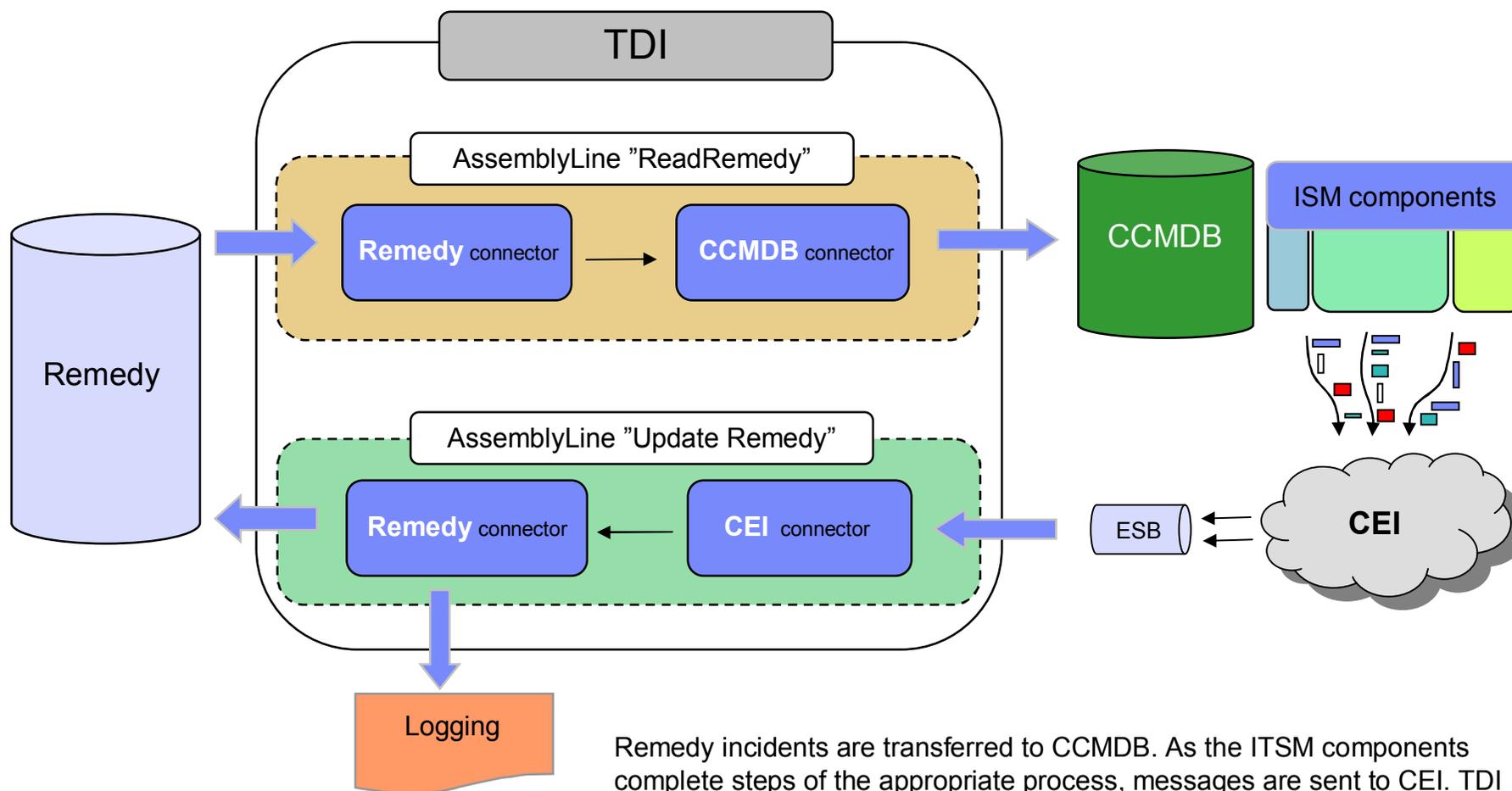
Change propagation



In this scenario, users are managed in Domino and need to be synchronized with TDS for multiple reasons

1. Portal/WAS security is implemented in WAS or with Access Manager into TDS LDAP.
2. The WAS applications need information about users that is maintained in Domino
3. Domain names (dn) must match so that WAS can seamlessly access data in Domino
4. WAS applications might modify user data that needs to be propagated back to Domino

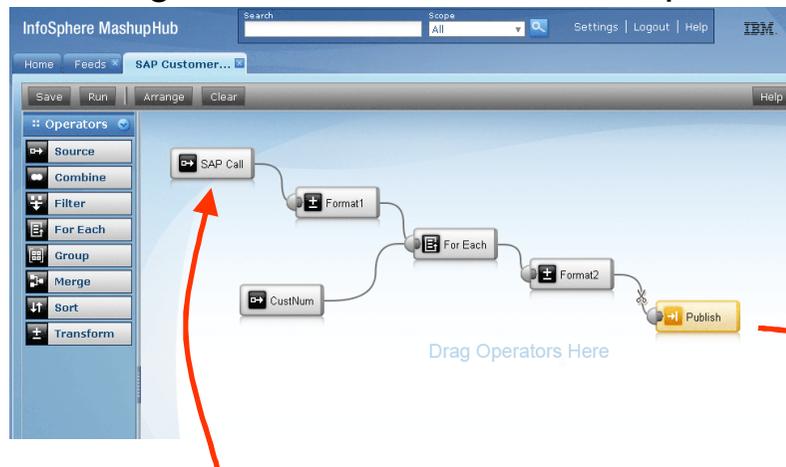
Remedy helpdesk integrated with CCMDB



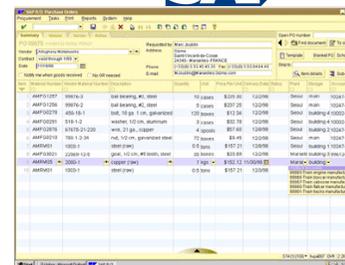
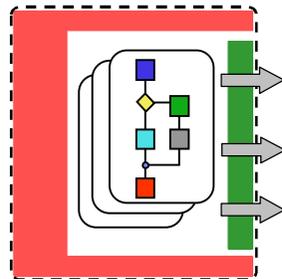
Remedy incidents are transferred to CCMDB. As the ITSM components complete steps of the appropriate process, messages are sent to CEI. TDI subscribes to these messages and update Remedy accordingly so that users can follow the progress of their tickets.

TDI as Feed server in a Mashup environment

Design and store feed in MashupHub

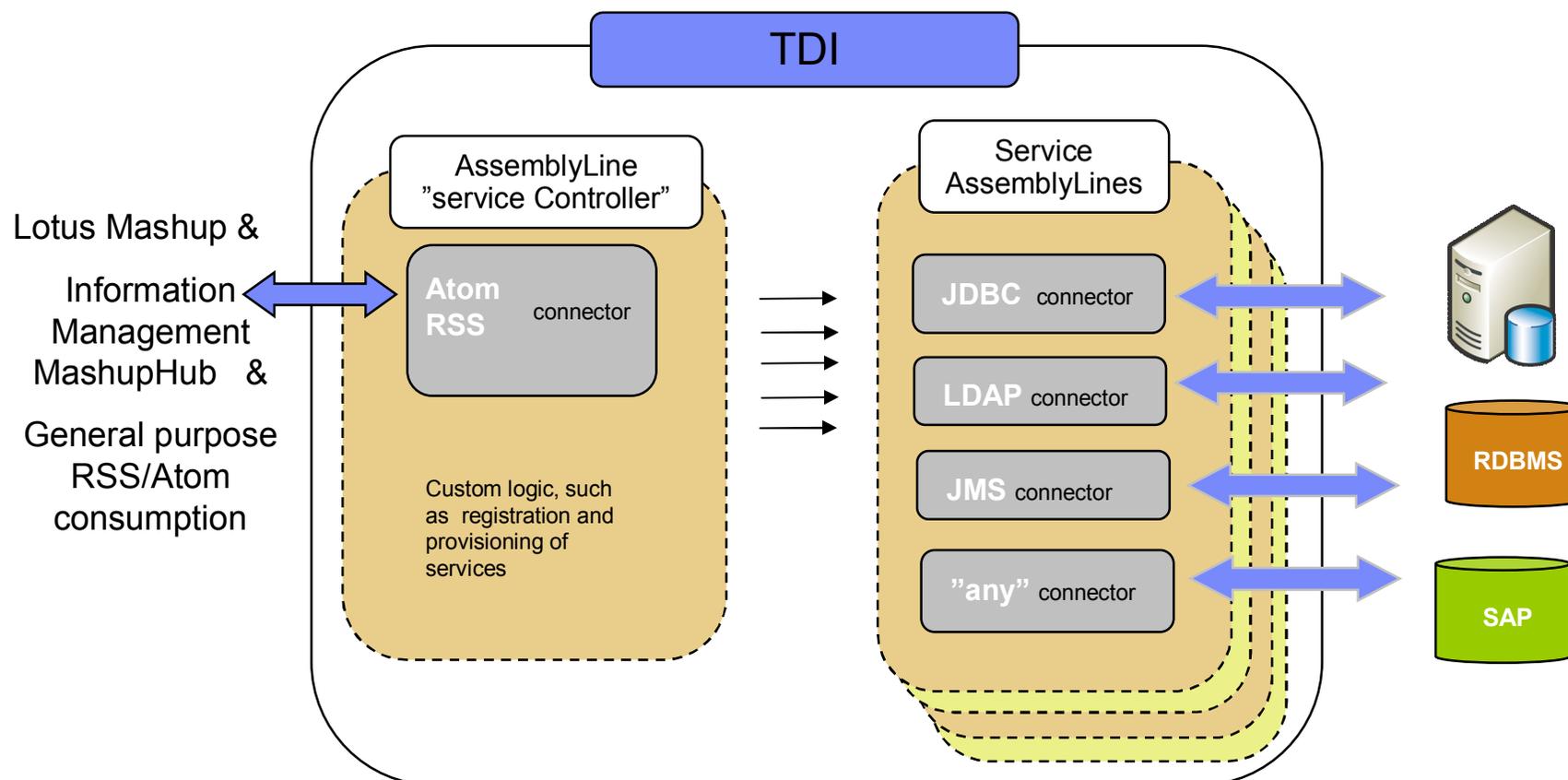


Use feed in Lotus Mashups



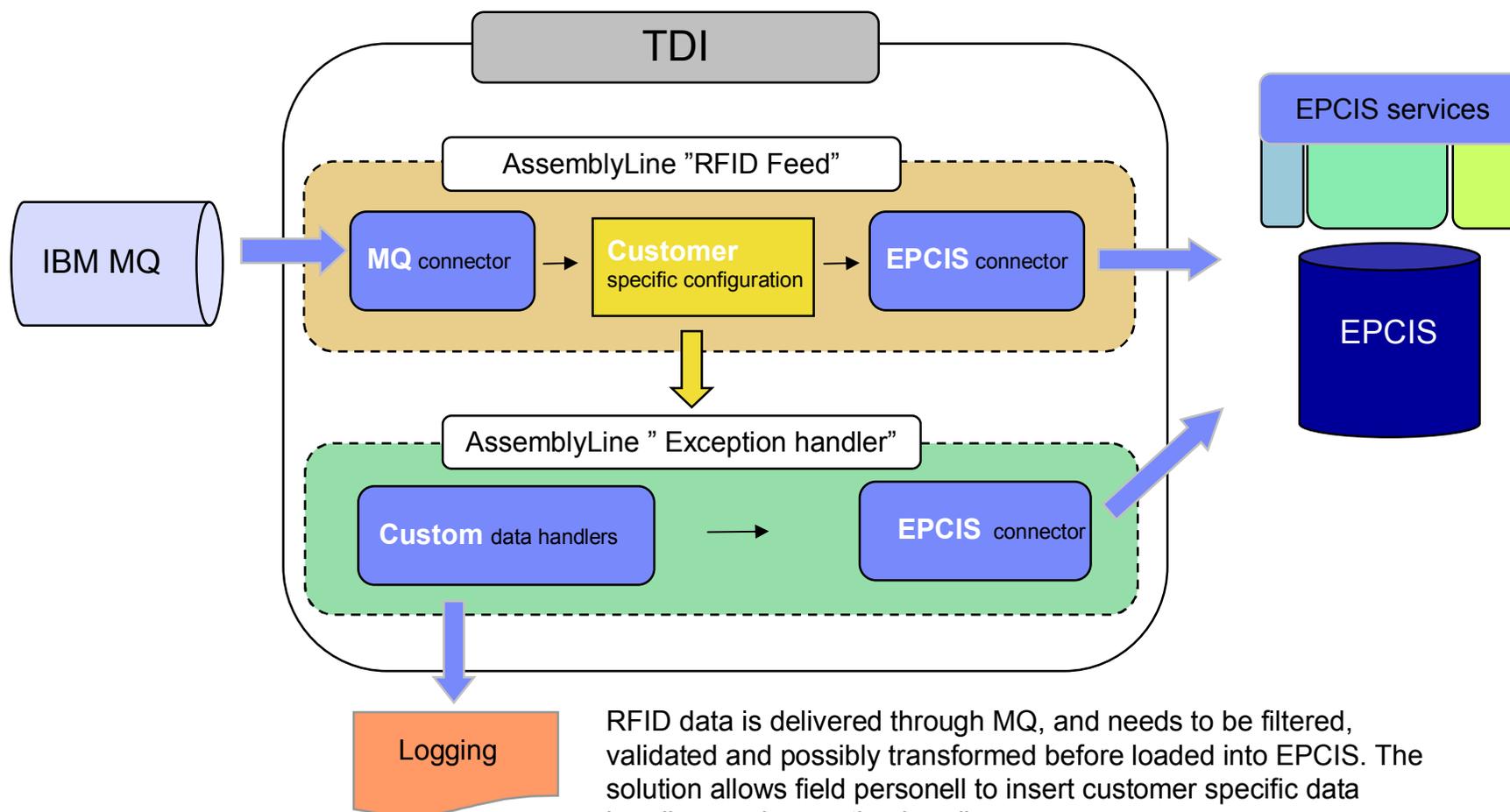
Deliver data from TDI – MIS, for example SAP and Lotus Domino. Supports add, modify, and delete operations with simple or complex integrations

TDI – MIS: Mashup & syndication Integration Server



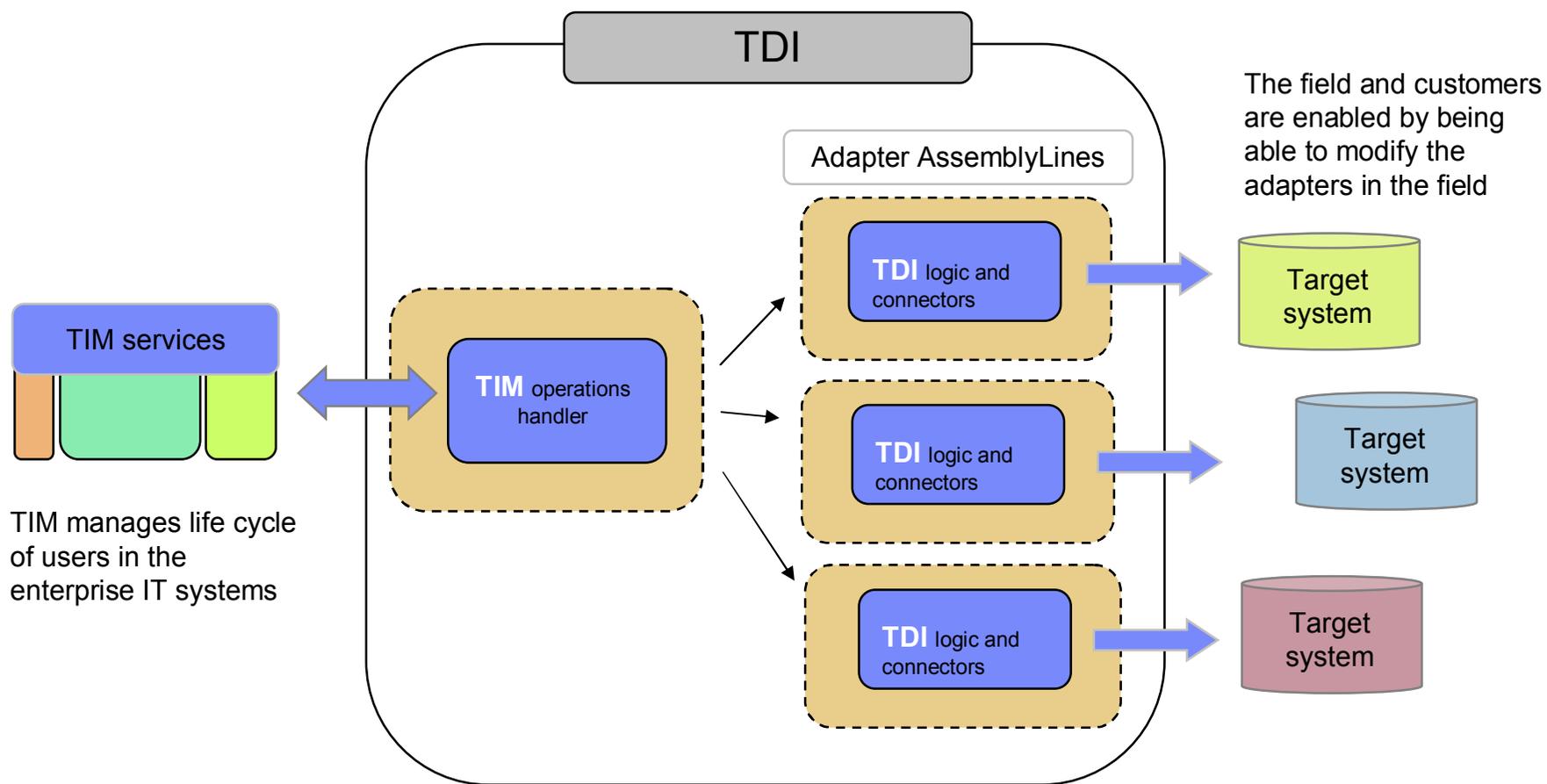
Any number of "service AssemblyLines" (sAL) are accessed through the multi-threaded "Service controller". Each sAL can utilize all of the connectors and capabilities of TDI to create advanced feeds and services that provide transformation, augmentation, enrichment of the data from any number of connected sources. The sAL can contain as little as a single connector, basically turning TDI into a connector service for the upstream system calling into TDI through REST calls. This could be as simple as CRUD or extended in the "service Controller" to address specific requirements.

RFID data into Websphere EPCIS/RFID

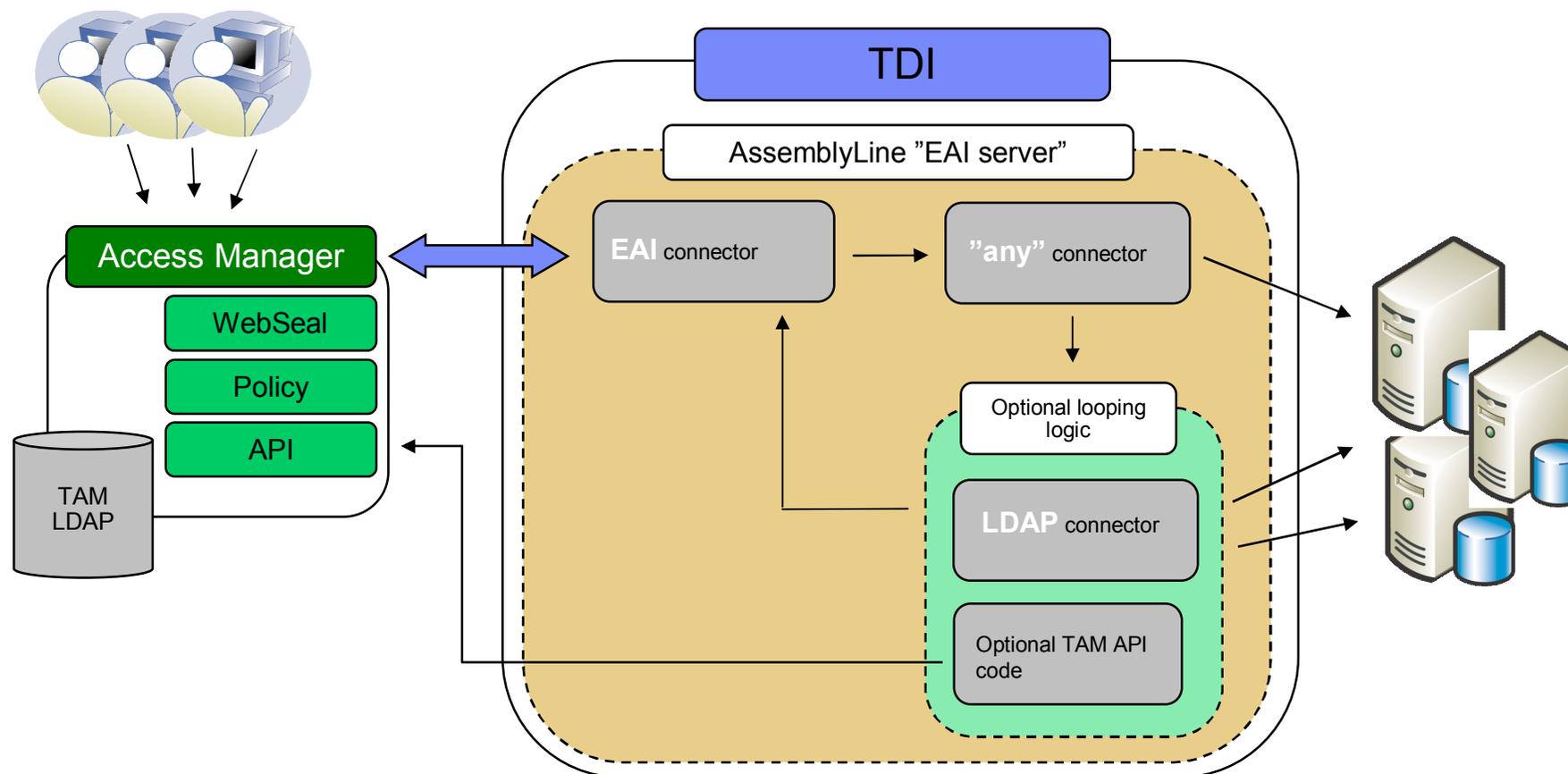


RFID data is delivered through MQ, and needs to be filtered, validated and possibly transformed before loaded into EPCIS. The solution allows field personell to insert customer specific data handlers and exception handlers.

Adapter framework for ITIM (Tivoli Identity Manager)



TAM EAI authentication service



TDI provides a generic, run-time authentication server for TAM, where the AssemblyLine can lookup multiple sources, as well as format and transform data. The AssemblyLine above does not illustrate any specific scenario, but illustrates how the integration with the TAM EAI (External Authentication Interface) service works.

Audit integration

